

Practical Example: High Performance Computing

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RWTH Compute Cluster

- High-Performance-Computing infrastructure

- Linux-based
- Highly parallelizable



- All RWTH affiliates are granted access, but with limited resource allocation
- More information on the following [link](#).

RWTH Selfservice

- Use Selfservice (<https://idm.rwth-aachen.de/selfservice/>) to manage university accounts and create HPC-account to use the cluster
- Account and Passwords
 - Account Overview (to check current accounts)

Service/Account	Username	Status	Action
<input type="checkbox"/> Hochleistungsrechnen RWTH Aachen	[REDACTED]		

- Create Account (to set up a new one)

SSH and Cluster Login

- Use established **Secure Shell Protocol (*ssh*)** connection to log in to the front-end cluster nodes with your username and password
- `$ ssh <username>@<server-address>`

SSH and Cluster Login (subject to change*)

Server-name	OS	Purpose
login18-N.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de	Rocky Linux 8	Front-End Dialogue System CLAIX2018 N={1,2,3}
login18-4.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de	CentOS 7	Front-End Dialogue System CLAIX2018
login.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de	CentOS 7	Front-End Dialogue System CLAIX2016
login18-x-N.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de	Rocky Linux 8	Remote Desktop sessions N = {1,2}
login18-g-N.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de	Rocky Linux 8	GPU-System N = {1,2}
login-g.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de	CentOS 7	GPU-System (2016)
login18-t.hpc.itc-rwth-aachen.de	Rocky Linux 8	Tuning processes
login-knl.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de	CentOS 7	KNL (highly parallelizable)
lect.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de	Rocky Linux 8	Dedicated to lectures

SSH and Cluster Login

- Use established **Secure Shell Protocol (*ssh*)** connection to log in to the front-end cluster nodes with your username and password
- `$ ssh <username>@<server-address>`
- In the case of the RWTH cluster:
- `$ ssh <TIM>@login18-N.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de`

SSH and Cluster Login

- Special nodes for intensive I/O operations

copy18-1.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de	2 x 40 Gbit/s
copy18-2.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de	2 x 40 Gbit/s
copy.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de	2 x 10 Gbit/s

- Use these nodes if you need to transfer large files

Cluster Available File Systems

Name	Path	Backup	Quota (file)	Quota (#files)
\$HOME	/home/<TIM-Kennung>	yes	150 GB	-
\$WORK	/work/<TIM-Kennung>	no	250 GB	-
\$HPCWORK	/hpcwork/<TIM-Kennung>	no	1000 GB	50000
\$TMP	<i>Local Ext4/XFS storage</i>	no	-	-
\$BEEOND	<i>BeeGFS On Demand</i>	no	-	-

Source code
Configuration files

Output files
Working data

IO intensive job,
large files

Cluster - mount drive

- Use *sshfs* to mount remote directory to local machine:
 - \$ sshfs <TIM>@copy18-1.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de:<Path> <local Path>
- Unmount with:
 - \$ sudo umount -l <local Path>
- Access to cluster only from eduroam or through RWTH VPN
 - <https://help.itc.rwth-aachen.de/en/service/vbf6fx0gom76/article/6a2cf0933604cd28eaaa69194ff8d16/>

Cluster - Batch Jobs

- Job handling system - SLURM
- SBATCH [option] command [arguments]
- Slots

Parameter	Function
-c, --cpus-per-task <numcpus>	Number of threads/processes for an OpenMP/Hybrid script
-n, --ntasks <numtasks> --ntasks-per-node <numtasks>	Number of threads/processes for an MPI job
-N, --nodes <numnodes>	Number of nodes/hosts for the job

- List of slurm commands:

- <https://help.itc.rwth-aachen.de/en/service/rhr4fjijuttf/article/3d20a87835db4569ad9094d91874e2b4/>

Cluster - Batch Jobs

- Further job parameters

Parameter	Function
-J --job-name=<jobname>	A name for the current job
--mem-per-cpu=<size>	Required RAM per allocated CPU
-o, --output=<filename>	Name for a report file, containing the standard output of the job
-t, --time=d-hh:mm:ss	Time for job execution, after this time the job is killed
-A, --account=<project>	Submit a job for a specific project
--gres=gpu:<type>:2	Requesting two GPUs per node

- Batch documentation - <https://slurm.schedmd.com/sbatch.html>

Cluster - Batch Jobs

- **sbatch** job.sh - sends job, declared in job.sh, to the scheduler
- After defining the slurm parameters, don't forget to write the script you want to execute
- Your job might need to load some modules, update environmental variables or activate conda environments.
 - **module load Python/3.9.6**
 - **module avail** # Lists all available modules
 - **export PATH=~/local/bin:\$PATH**
 - **conda activate myenv**

Cluster - Example Scripts

```
#!/bin/bash

### Job name
#SBATCH --job-name=MYJOB

### File for the output
#SBATCH --output=MYJOB_OUTPUT

### Time your job needs to execute, e. g. 15 min 30 sec
#SBATCH --time=00:15:30

### Memory your job needs per node, e. g. 1 GB
#SBATCH --mem=1G

### The last part consists of regular shell commands:
### Change to working directory
cd /home/usr/workingdirectory

### Execute your application
myapp.exe
```

Cluster - Monitor Jobs and Resources

- Use **squeue** to monitor current jobs in progress:
 - squeue -u <TIM> # to only view your jobs
- Use **scancel** to stop current jobs from executing
 - scancel -u <TIM> # cancels all your jobs
 - scancel -n <JOBID> # cancels job with ID=JOBID
- Use **quota** to see how much space you're occupying
- Use **r_wlm_usage -q** to view your accounting information
- More info:
 - <https://help.itc.rwth-aachen.de/service/rhr4fjuttf/article/13ace46cfbb84e92a64c1361e0e4c104/>

Cluster - GPU Nodes

- Login to a GPU node by:
 - `ssh <TIM>@login18-g-1.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de`
- See GPU usage with **nvidia-smi**

```
Tue May  7 17:24:20 2019
+-----+
| NVIDIA-SMI 418.43      Driver Version: 418.43      CUDA Version: 10.1 |
+-----+
| GPU  Name      Persistence-M| Bus-Id      Disp.A  | Volatile Uncorr. ECC |
| Fan  Temp     Perf  Pwr:Usage/Cap| Memory-Usage | GPU-Util  Compute M. |
|-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 0   Tesla V100-SXM2... Off  | 00000000:62:00.0 Off |          0 |
| N/A  42C     P0    54W / 300W |          0MiB / 16130MiB | 0%     E. Process |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1   Tesla V100-SXM2... Off  | 00000000:89:00.0 Off |          0 |
| N/A  42C     P0    54W / 300W |          0MiB / 16130MiB | 0%     E. Process |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
+-----+
| Processes:                               GPU Memory |
| GPU  PID  Type  Process name             Usage     |
|-----+-----+-----+-----|
| No running processes found               |
+-----+
```

Cluster - GPU Nodes

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| Fan  Temp     Perf  Pwr:Usage/Cap| Memory-Usage | GPU-Util  Compute M. |
|-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 0   Tesla V100-SXM2... Off 00000000:62:00.0 Off    0 |
| N/A  42C   P0    54W / 300W 0MiB / 16130MiB 0%   E. Process |
|-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1   Tesla V100-SXM2... Off 00000000:89:00.0 Off    0 |
| N/A  42C   P0    54W / 300W 0MiB / 16130MiB 0%   E. Process |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

GPU-id
and type

```
+-----+
| Processes:                               GPU Memory |
| GPU     PID  Type  Process name          Usage    |
|-----+-----+-----+-----+
| No running processes found               |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

Cluster - GPU Nodes

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| Fan  Temp  Perf  Pwr:Usage/Cap| Memory-Usage | GPU-Util  Compute M. |
|-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 0  Tesla V100-SXM2... Off  00000000:62:00.0 Off    0 |
| N/A   42C   P0    54W / 300W |     0MiB / 16130MiB | 0%     E. Process |
| 1  Tesla V100-SXM2... Off  00000000:89:00.0 Off    0 |
| N/A   42C   P0    54W / 300W |     0MiB / 16130MiB | 0%     E. Process |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
GPU-id and type
+-----+
| Processes:
| GPU  PID  Type  Process name          GPU Memory |
|-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| No running processes found
+-----+
GPU memory
```

Cluster - GPU Nodes

- Login to a GPU node by:
 - `ssh <TIM>@login18-g-1.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de`
- See GPU usage with **nvidia-smi**

Tue May 7 17:24:20 2019

Compute model: 1 person

NVIDIA-SMI 418.43			Driver Version: 418.43		CUDA Version: 10.1		
GPU	Name	Persistence-M	Bus-Id	Disp.A	Volatile	Uncorr.	ECC
Fan	Temp	Perf	Pwr:Usage/Cap	Memory-Usage	GPU-Util	Compute M.	
0	Tesla V100-SXM2...	Off	00000000:62:00.0	Off	0%	0	E. Process
N/A	42C	P0	54W / 300W	0MiB / 16130MiB			
1	Tesla V100-SXM2...	Off	00000000:89:00.0	Off	0%	0	E. Process
N/A	42C	P0	54W / 300W	0MiB / 16130MiB			

Processes:				GPU Memory Usage
GPU	PID	Type	Process name	
No running processes found				

GPU memory

Cluster - Exercise - GPU with python

- Sing in to the cluster
 - \$ **ssh <TIM>**@login18-g-2.hpc.itc.rwth-aachen.de
- Check if you're successfully in the group
 - \$ groups #should see lect0094 among others
- Load modules and install some libraries locally
 - \$ **module load** Python/3.9.6
 - \$ **module load** cuDNN/8.6.0
 - \$ **module load** CUDA/11.8
 - \$ **export PATH=~/local/bin:\$PATH**
 - \$ **pip3 install --user tensorflow pandas scikit-learn**
 - \$ **pip3 install --user matplotlib tensorrt numba**

Cluster - Exercise - GPU with python

- Create a new directory and copy the files needed:
 - \$ **cd** ~/
 - \$ **mkdir** BioInfo
 - \$ **rsync** -rp /home/lect0094/sample BioInfo
 - \$ **cd** BioInfo/sample
- Edit (**vim**) your email address and submit job (**sbatch** run.sh)
- Check status regularly (\$ **squeue** -u <TIM>)

Practical Example: Linux Basics

The Operating System UNIX

- UNIX Development
 - 60s: MULTICS: MULTplexed Information and Computing Service
 - Developed by MIT, Bell Labs and General Electrics
 - Written in Programming Language 1 (PL1) and Assembly
- Thompson and Ritchie later create UNIX, written in C

Linux – Basic Commands (Revisit)

- command parameter1 parameter2 ...
- *man* – **manual**. Displays manuals for linux packages (try *man man*). *Displays useful information about how to use the package.*
- *pwd* – **p**rint **w**orking **d**irectory. Displays the current working directory

Linux – Basic Commands (Revisit)

- **ls** – **list**. Displays the content of a directory

- **ls -l ~/Pictures**

```
-rw-r--r-- 1 martin martin 101685 Apr 29 13:23 Selection_001.png
-rw-r--r-- 1 martin martin 39835 Apr 29 14:37 Selection_002.png
-rw-r--r-- 1 martin martin 76985 Apr 29 14:48 Selection_003.png
-rw-r--r-- 1 martin martin 27096 May  2 14:04 Selection_004.png
-rw-r--r-- 1 martin martin 62783 May  3 11:58 Selection_005.png
-rw-r--r-- 1 martin martin 65201 May  6 16:11 Selection_006.png
drwxrwxr-x 2 martin martin 4096 Apr 24 11:41 Temp
```

- | Access rights | Links | Owners/ Groups | Size | Last Modified | Filename |
|---------------|-------|----------------|------|---------------|----------|
|---------------|-------|----------------|------|---------------|----------|

Linux – Basic Commands (Revisit)

- `/s` – **list**. Displays the content of a directory

```
-rw-r--r-- 1 martin martin 101685 Apr 29 13:23 Selection_001.png
```

- Access rights:
 - Type: (**d**)irectory, (**l**)ink, (-) a file
 - Rights: (**r**)ead, (**w**rite, e(**x**)ecute
 - Sequence: *user group anybody*
- Owner/Group:
 - Owner – first column: *martin*
 - Group – second column: *martin*
- Either can be changed with *chmod* and *chown/chgrp* respectively
- Run executable with full path or from directory with “`./file`”

Linux – Basic Commands (Revisit)

- *cd* – **c**hange **d**irectory. Switches to a new directory, supplied as a parameter
- *mkdir* – **m**ake **d**irectory. Creates a new directory
- *rm* – **r**emove. Removes a specified file or directory (“-r”)
- *cp* – **c**opy. Copy a file or directory (“-r”)
- *scp* – **s**ecure **c**opy. Copy a file to or from a remote source
- *rsync* – **r**emote **s**ync. A fast copying tool. Also works for remote copy

Linux – Basic Commands (Revisit)

- *ln* – **link**. Link a file into a new directory
- *echo* – Prints a string to standard output
- *cat* – **concatenate**. The content of a file is printed to standard output
- *wc* – **w**ord **c**ount. Counts the number of words, rows (“-l”) pr characters (“-c”) in a file.

Linux – Basic Commands (Revisit)

- pipe (“|”) - connect commands
- output (“>”) and input (“<”) for a specific program.
Output can also concatenate to existing content, without deleting (“>>”)

Linux – Environment Variables

Variable	Description
PATH	Colon separated list of directories, which will be searched through when entering a name of executable
HOME	The pathname of the home directory.
SHELL	The currently used shell program
USER	The current username

```
$ echo $PATH  
/usr/local/sbin
```

```
$ export PATH=~/local/bin:$PATH  
$ echo $PATH  
/home/martin/local/bin:/usr/local/sbin
```

Linux – Vim

- A further development of Vi
- Open-Source editor for use inside the Terminal
- Open file with “\$ vim filename”
 - Type “i” for insert (edit)
 - ESC to go back to entry menu
 - :q – exit without saving
 - :wq – save and exit
 - :q! - force exit without saving

Further Readings

- Linux tutorials:
 - <https://www.tutorialspoint.com/unix/>
 - <https://ryanstutorials.net/linuxtutorial/>
- SLURM – batch system
 - <https://slurm.schedmd.com/documentation.html>
 - <https://doc.itc.rwth-aachen.de/display/CC/Using+the+SLURM+Batch+System>
 - https://hpc-wiki.info/hpc/SLURM#Jobscrip_Examples