Analysis of Open Chromatin Data

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Objectives

- Understand open chromatin from biological point of view
- Analyse bulk open chromatin data
- Visualise the result using IGV
- Extend the analysis to single cell open chromatin data

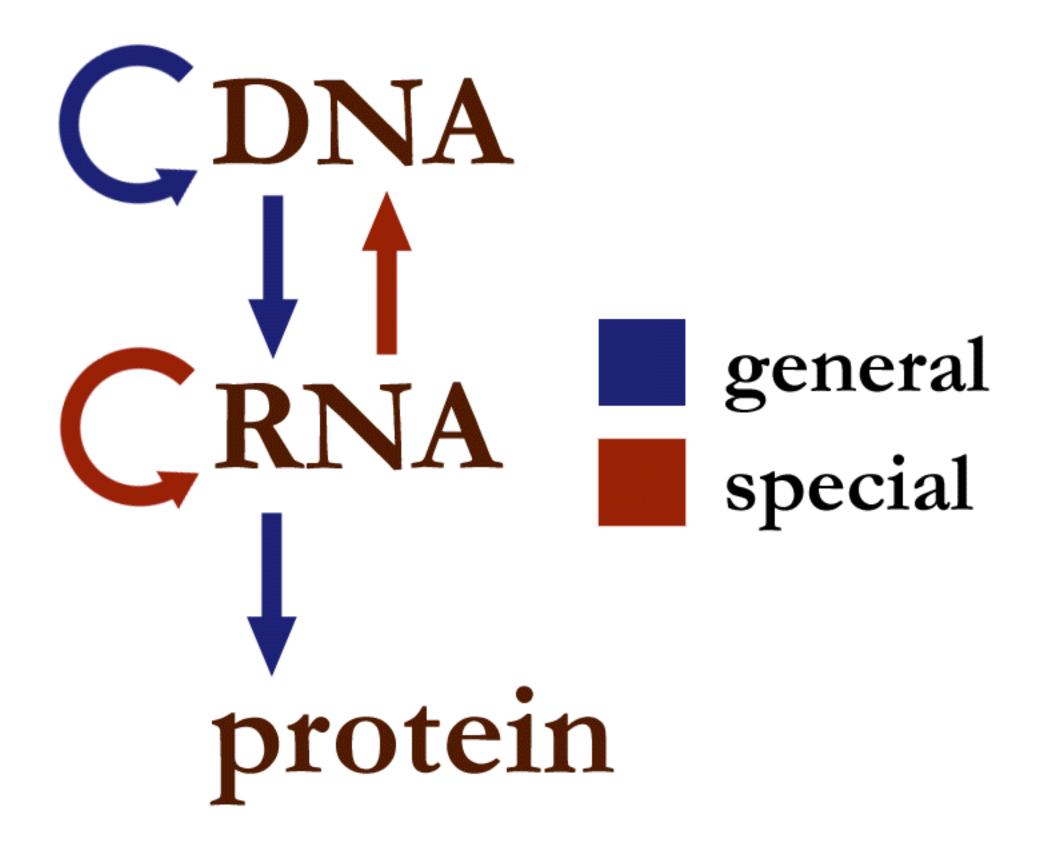




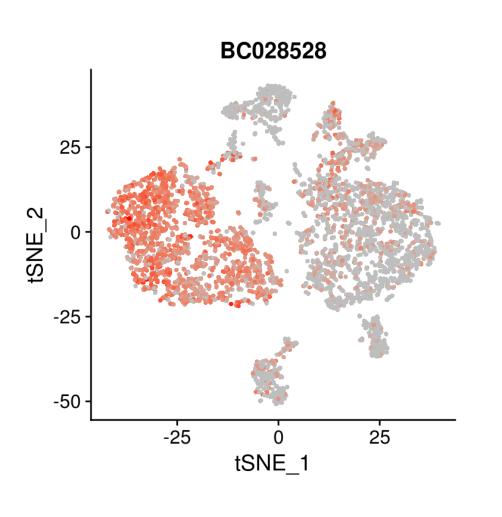
Open Chromatin

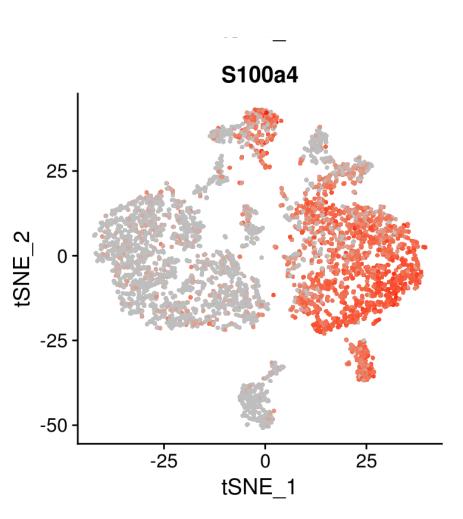


Central dogma of molecular biology

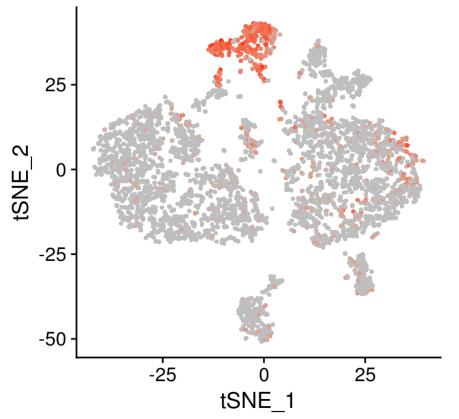


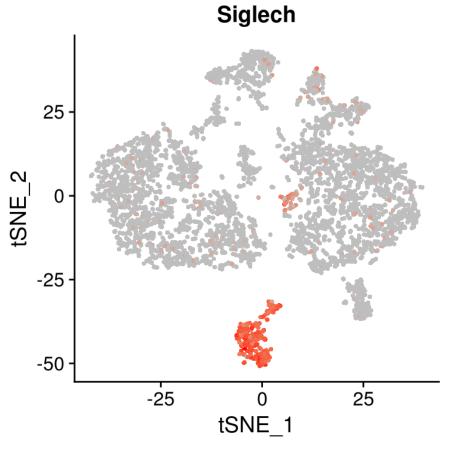
https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Central_dogma_of_molecular_biology





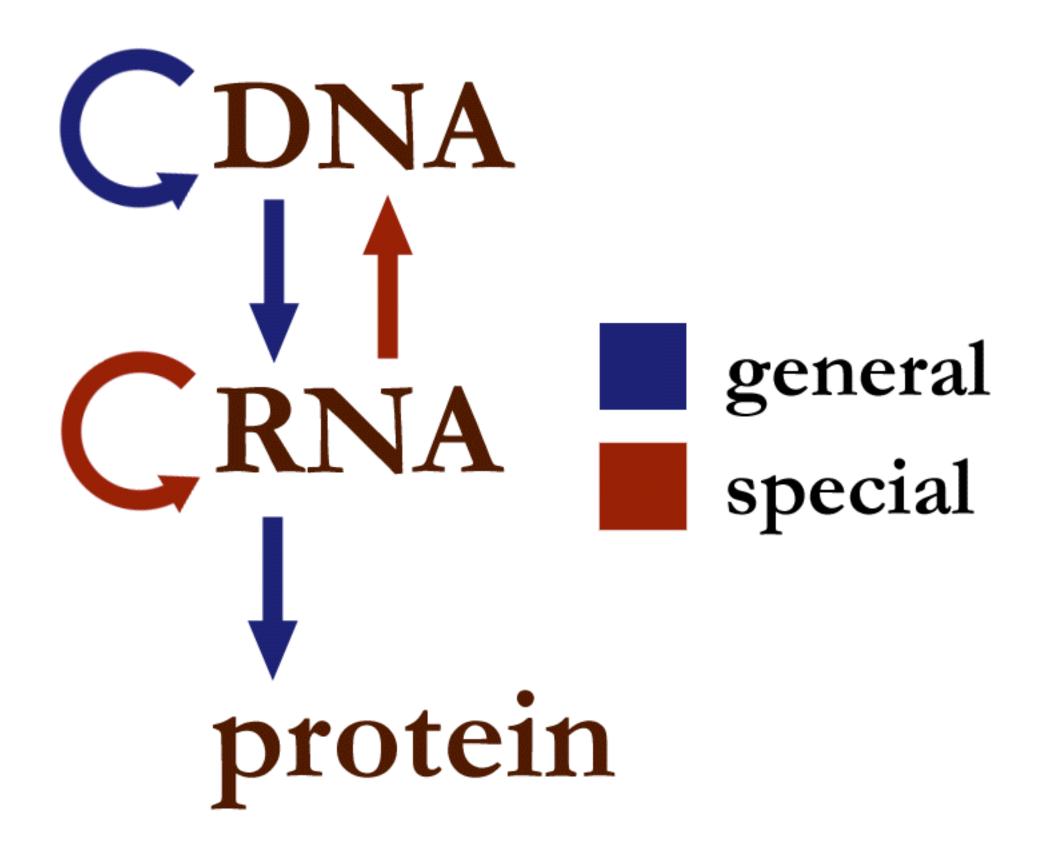








One genome vs. many cell types

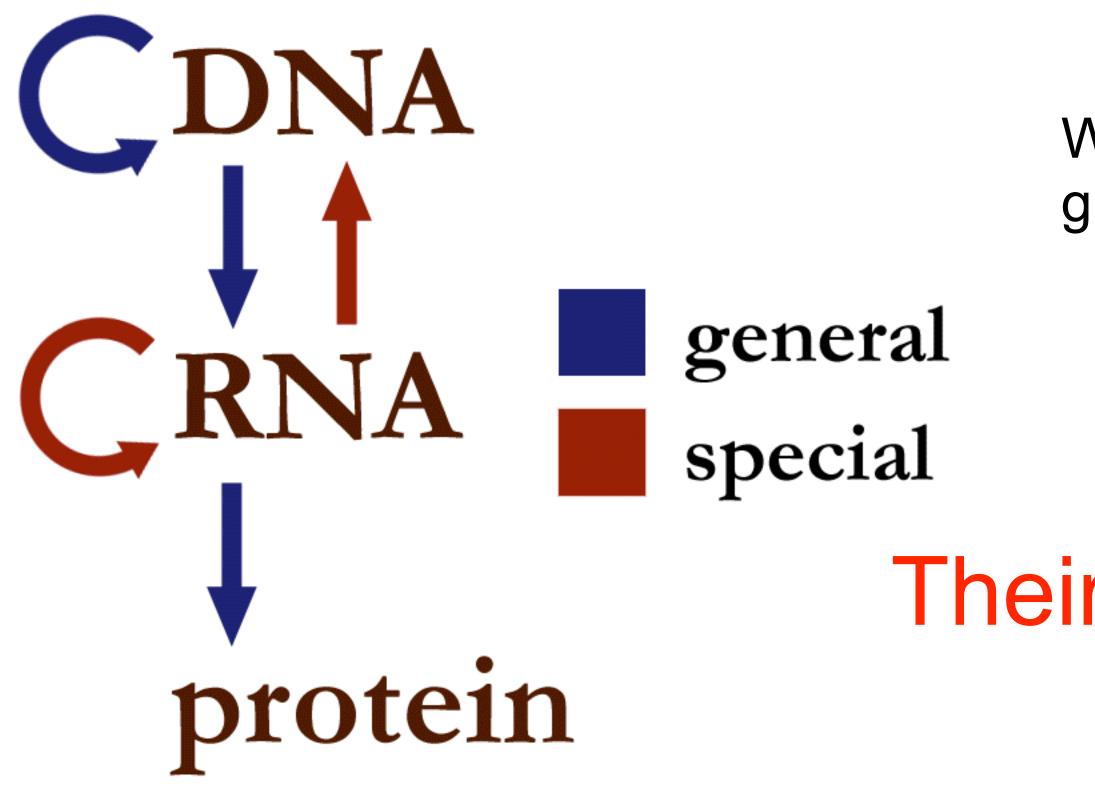


https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Central_dogma_of_molecular_biology

Why do the cells have different gene expression, given that they have the exactly same genome?



One genome vs. many cell types



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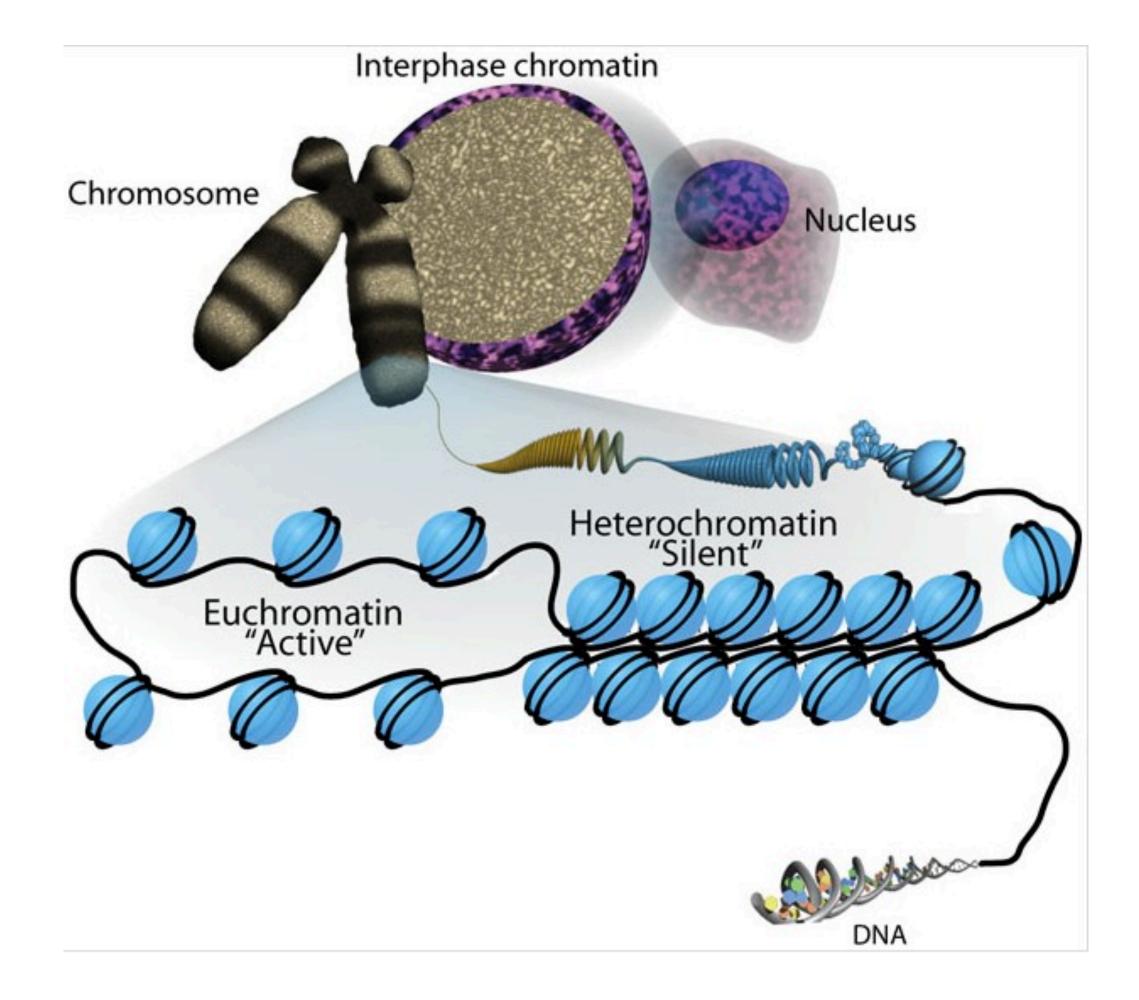
Their chromatin states are different!





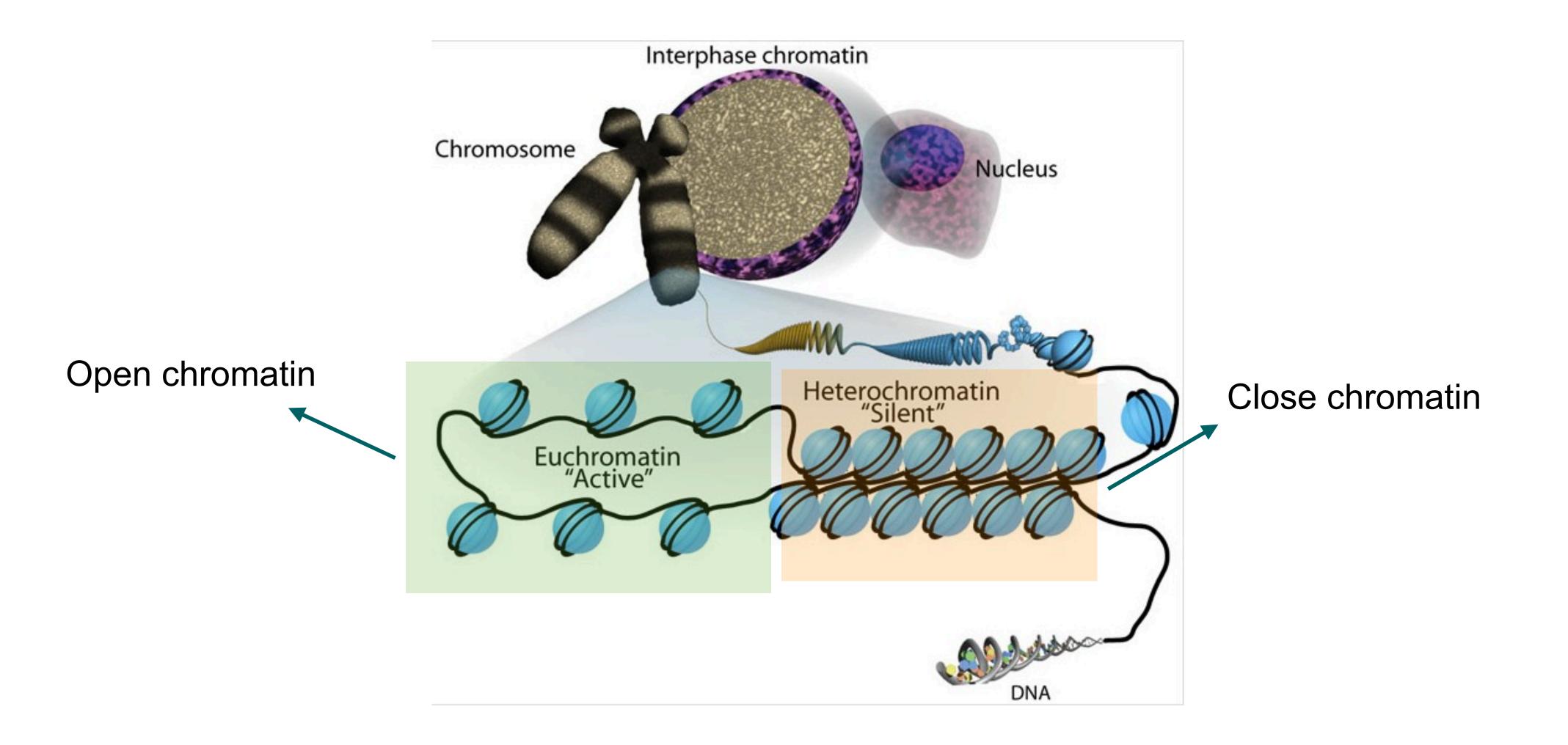


Open chromatin vs. closed chromatin





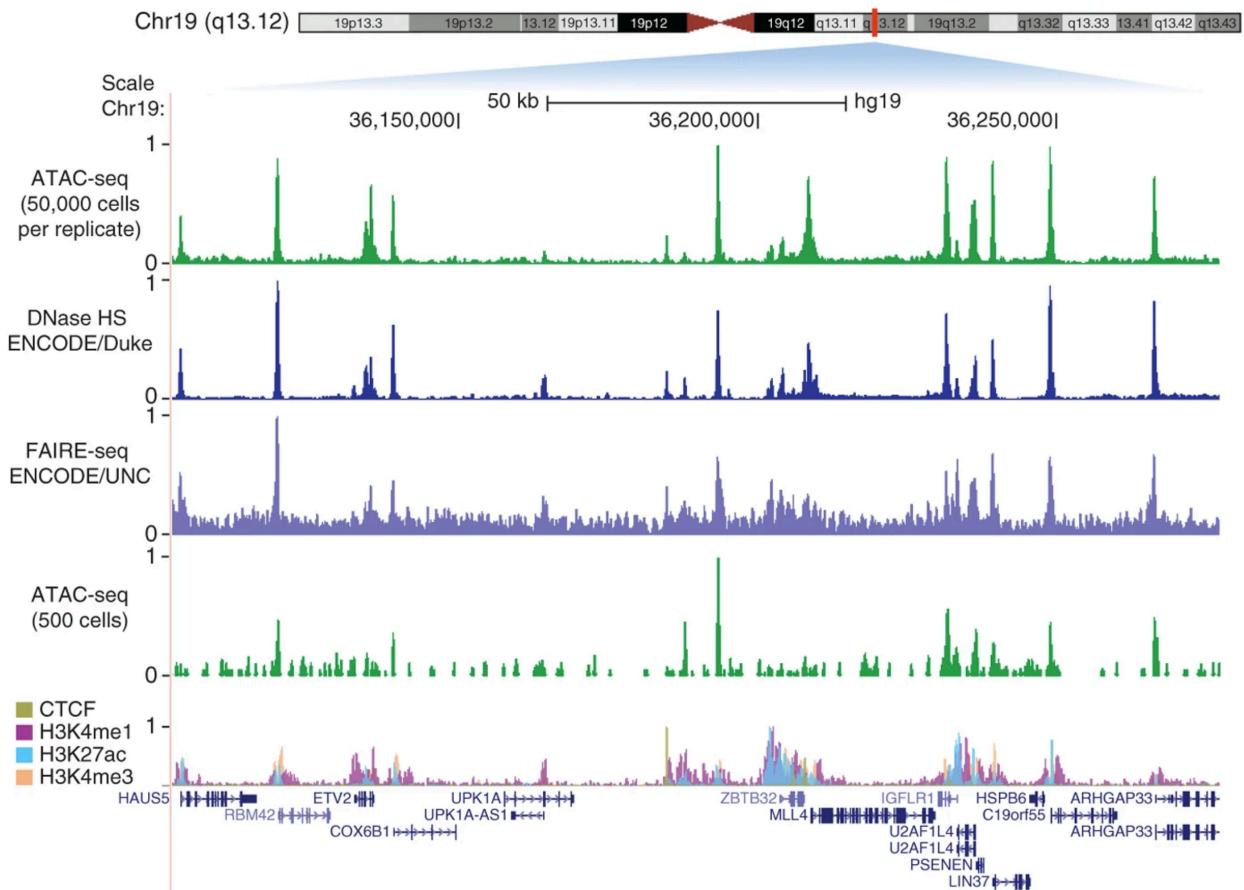
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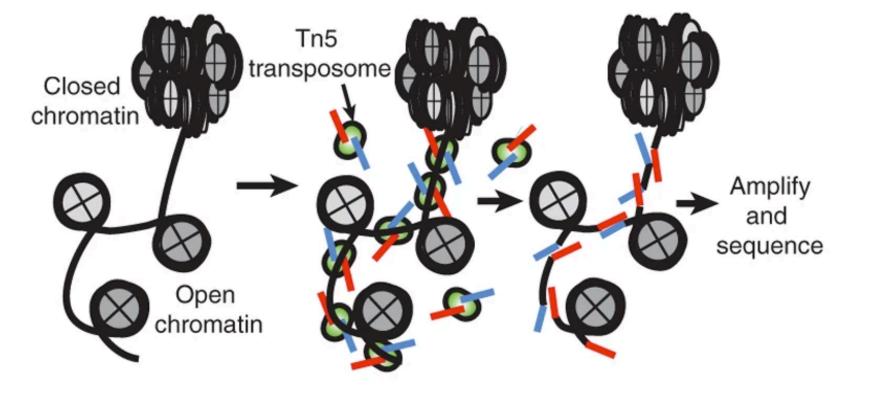




ATAC-seq probes open chromatin state

DNase HS





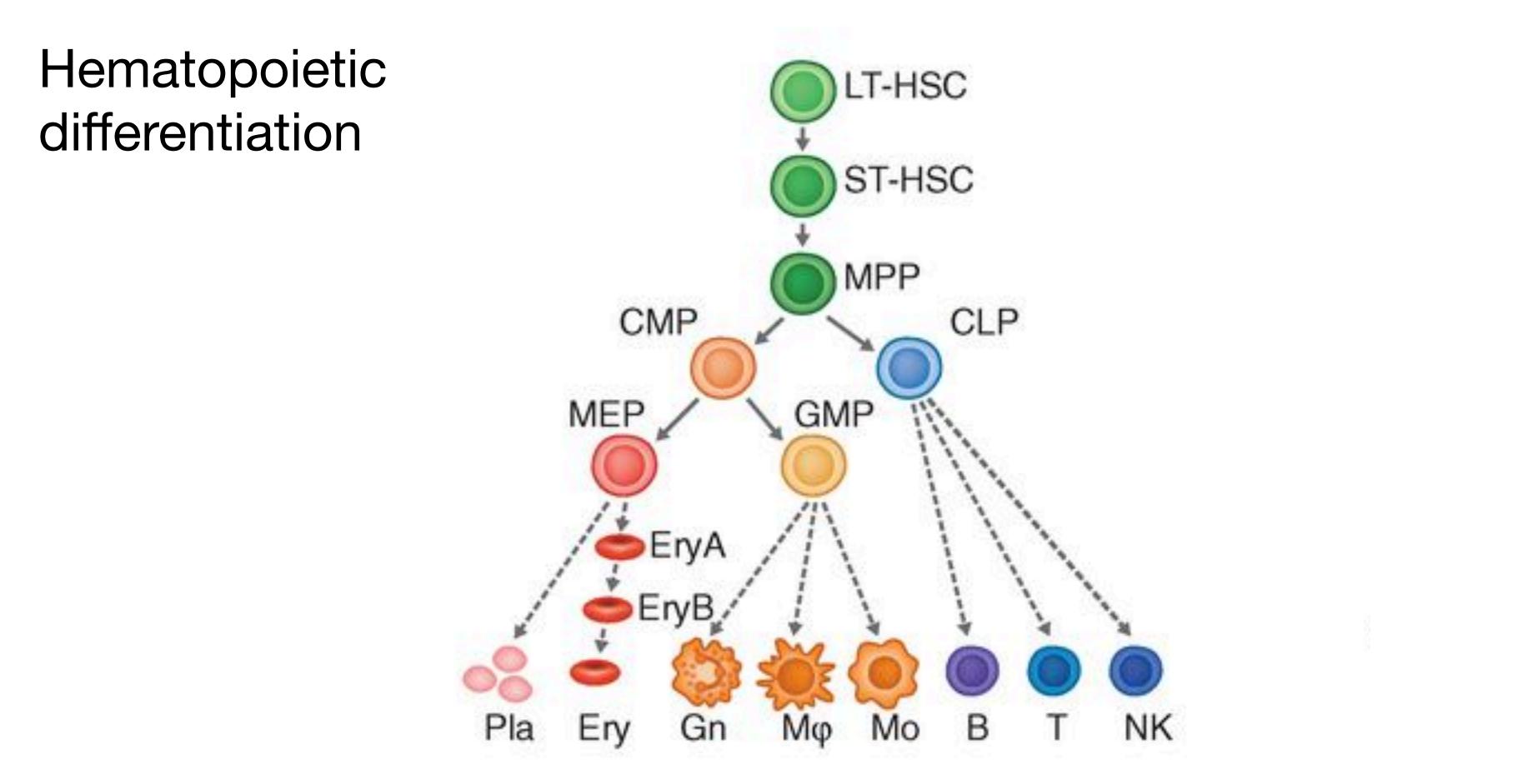
Buenrostro, Jason D., et al. Nat. Method 2013



Analysis of ATAC-seq Data

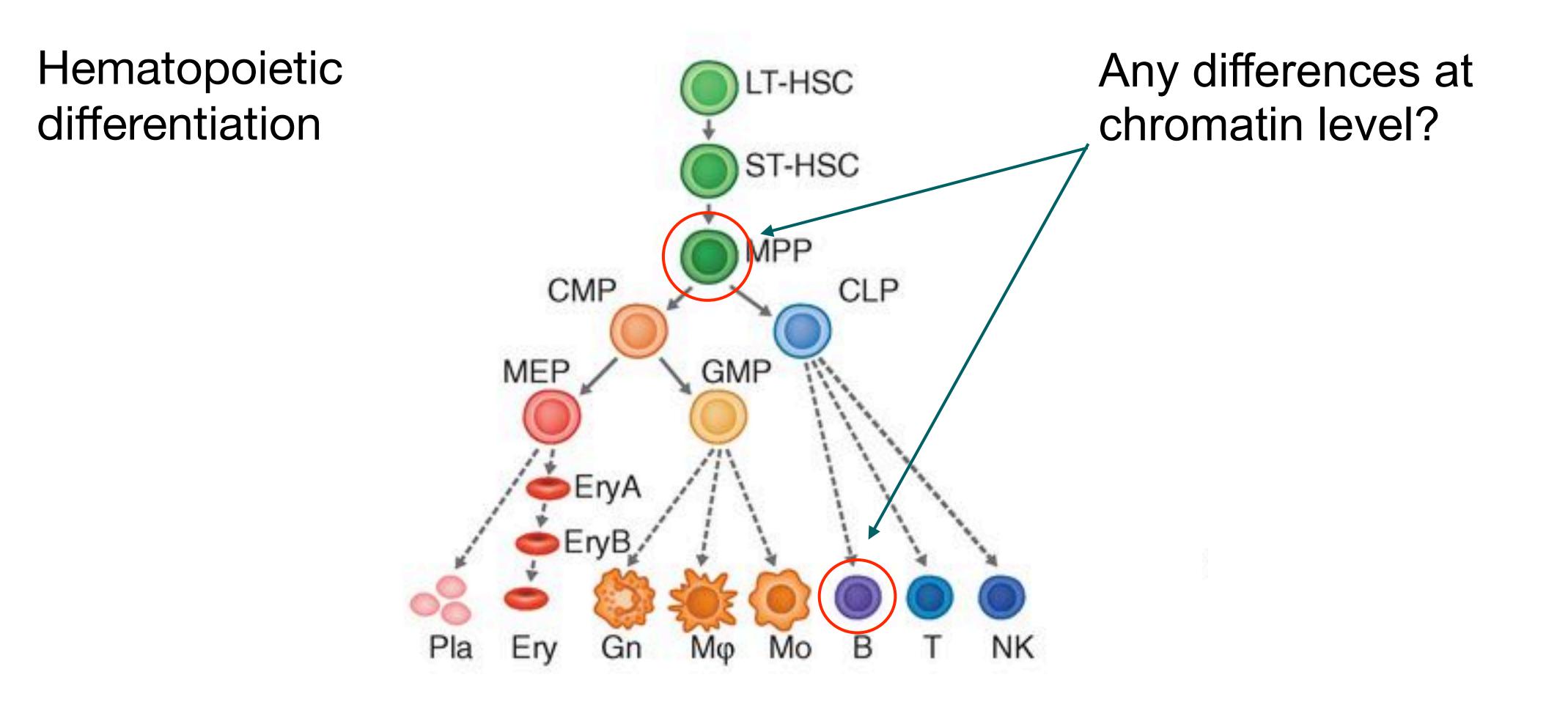


Chromatin dynamic during blood formation





Chromatin dynamic during blood formation





Analysis pipeline

- Download data (SRA toolkit)
- Sequence alignment (Bowtie2)
- Peak calling (MACS2)
- Motif matching (RGT)

https://github.com/CostaLab/SOSE2022/blob/main/Practical_ATAC.md



1. Download data



SRA toolkit

The SRA Toolkit is a collection of tools and libraries for using data in the NCBI Sequence Read Archives.

📮 ncbi / sra-tools			
<> Code	! Issues 45	1 Pull requests	Actic
្រី master → ្រី 64 branches 🕟 54 tags			

Two common sub commands:

- prefetch
- fastq-dump



Download data

10 minutes



2. Short DNA Sequence Alignment





Sequence alignment

Input data

- A large reference genome (chr19.fa)
- Millions of short DNA reads (MPP.fastq, B.fastq)

Sequence alignment

•Find most probable position for each read in the genome (allow insertion and deletion)

Output data

•Aligned file (MPP.sam, B.sam)



Bowtie 2

Align reads to reference genome

- Extract 'seed' substrings from the reads
- Align the substrings to the reference
- Calculate the position information
- Extend the seeds to full alignment using dynamic programming

More information

- Paper: <u>https://www.nature.com/articles/nmeth.1923</u>
- Website: <u>http://bowtie-bio.sourceforge.net/bowtie2/index.shtml</u>



Alignment

10 minutes



3. Peak Calling



Peak calling

Problem definition: Find genomic regions with more aligned reads than expected by chance.



Example of a simple peak caller :

- 1.use a fix window to scan through the genome and obtain a distribution of counts per bin
- 2. define a statistical test to evaluate if the number of reads is higher than expected by change



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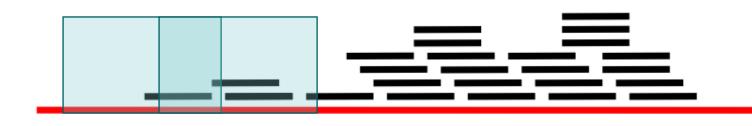
Counts: 2



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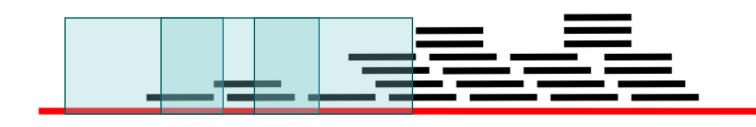
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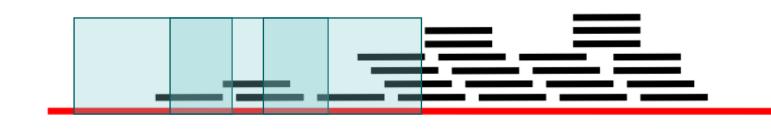
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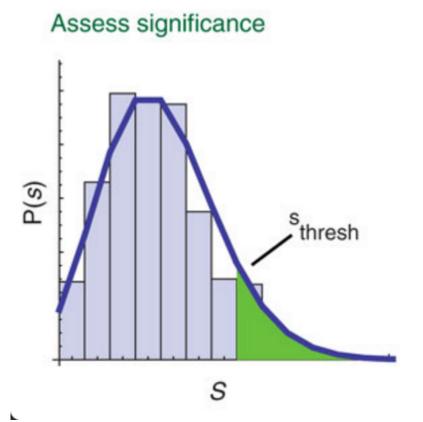
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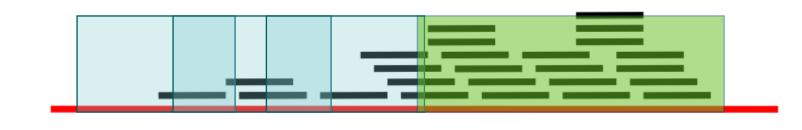




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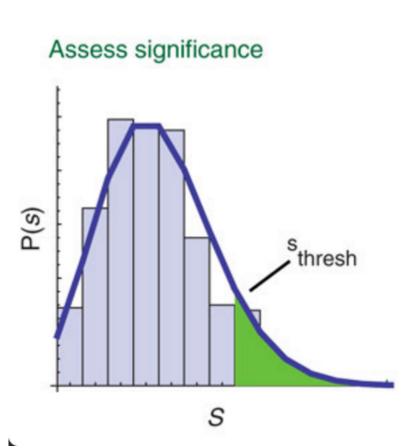
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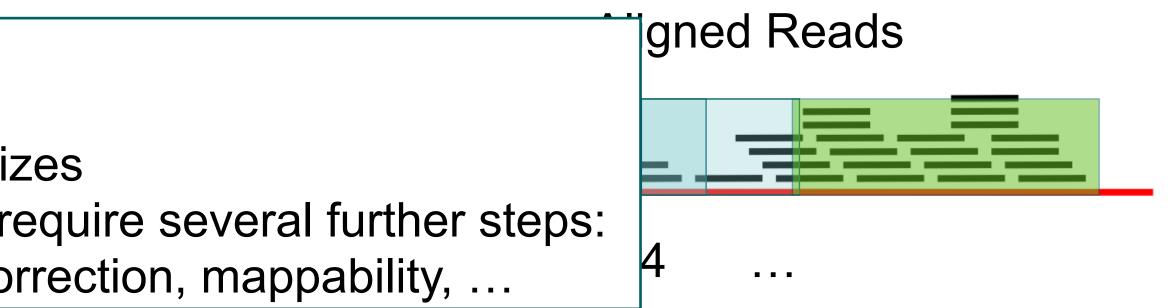


4

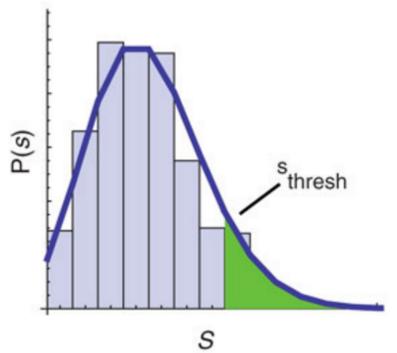


- Example of a s 1.use a fix window size to use? distinct proteins have distinct peak sizes obtain a distri-proper quantification of read counts require several further steps:
 - 2. define a state fragment size estimation, CG bias correction, mappability, ...

reads is higher than expected by change









Peak calling with MACS2

MACS2

- Models the reads count using a Poisson distribution
 - Only one parameter λ which models mean and variance
 - Estimate a dynamic background reads distribution to capture local biases in the genome, allowing for more robust identification.
- Peaks are defined given a p-value on the Poisson model

More information

Paper: <u>https://genomebiology.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/gb-2008-9-9-r137</u>



Peak calling

2 minutes



4. Motif Matching



Problem definition: Matches a set of transcription factor motifs against a set of genomic regions.

Regulatory Genomic Toolbox (RGT)

- is an open-source python library and set of tools for the integrative analysis of high throughput regulatory genomic data
- provides a flexible framework to perform operations related to motif analyses

More information

Website: <u>https://www.regulatory-genomics.org/</u>



Motif matching

2 minutes



5. Visualizaiton



Single cell ATAC-seq

R : <u>https://satijalab.org/signac/index.html</u> Python: https://episcanpy.readthedocs.io/en/latest/

